

兔抗 BAD(Phospho-Ser91/128) 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 BAD(Phospho-Ser91/128) 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-BAD(Phospho-Ser91/128) rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：BBC2; BCL2L8

抗原：BAD(Phospho-Ser91/128)

储存：冷冻（-20℃）避光

宿主：Rabbit

相关类别：一抗

反应种属：Human Mouse Rat

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：Unconjugate

技术规格

Background:	The protein encoded by BAD gene is a member of the BCL-2 family. BCL-2 family members are known to be regulators of programmed cell death. This protein positively regulates cell apoptosis by forming heterodimers with BCL-xL and BCL-2, and reversing their death repressor activity. Proapoptotic activity of this protein is regulated through its phosphorylation. Protein kinases AKT and MAP kinase, as well as protein phosphatase calcineurin were found to be involved in the regulation of this protein. Alternative splicing of this gene results in two transcript variants which encode the same isoform.
Applications:	WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	BAD(Phospho-Ser91/128)

Immunogen:	Peptide sequence around phosphorylation site of Serine 91 (E-P-S(p)-P-F) derived from Human BAD or Serine 128 (E-P-S(p)-P-F) derived from Mouse BAD.
Full name:	BCL2-associated agonist of cell death
Synonyms :	BBC2; BCL2L8
SwissProt:	Q92934
IHC positive control:	Human breast carcinoma tissue
IHC Recommend dilution:	50-100
WB Predicted band size:	18 kDa
WB Positive control:	COS7 cells lysates treated with TNF-a
WB Recommended dilution:	500-1000



